

Fig. 1

100

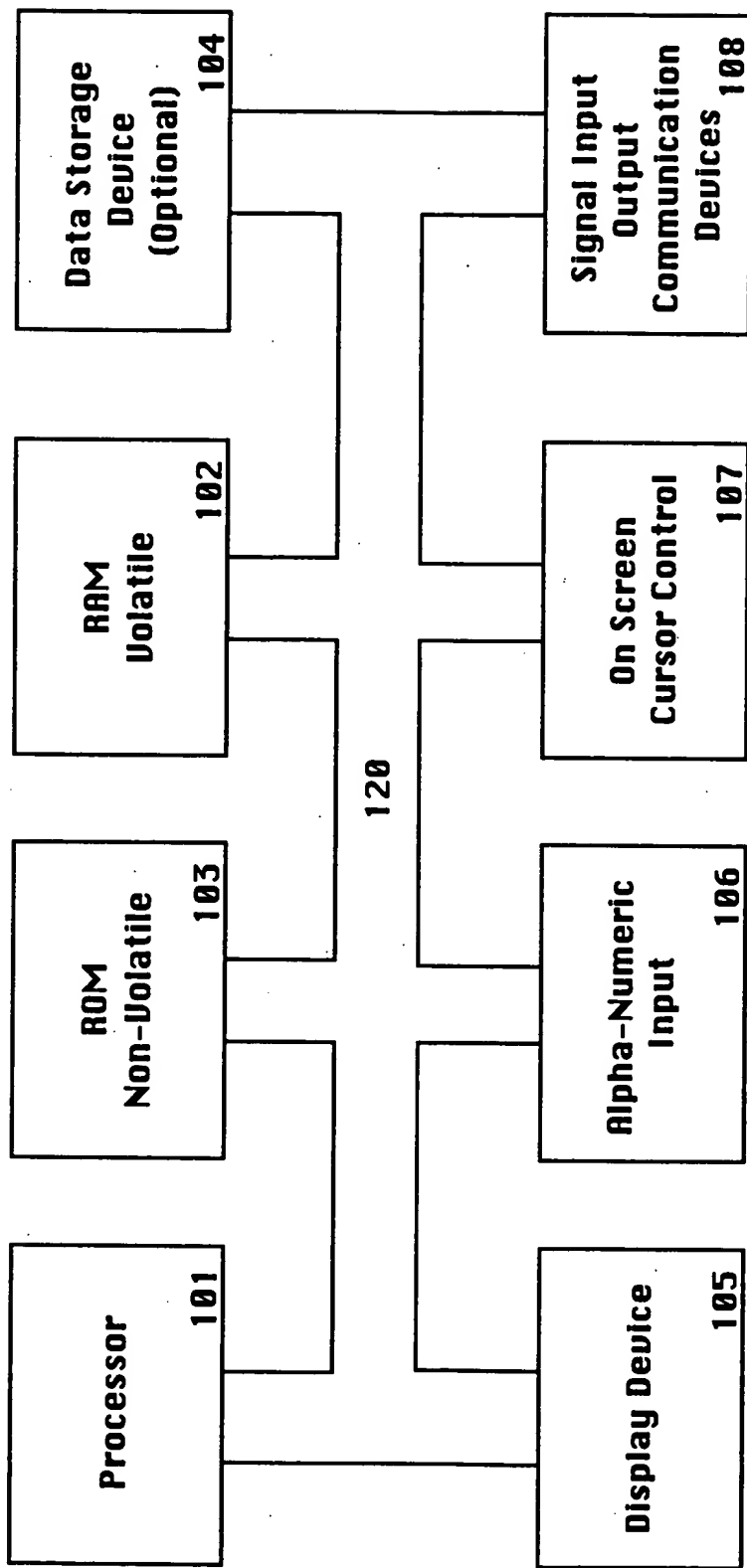


FIG. 2

SCANNED, # 24

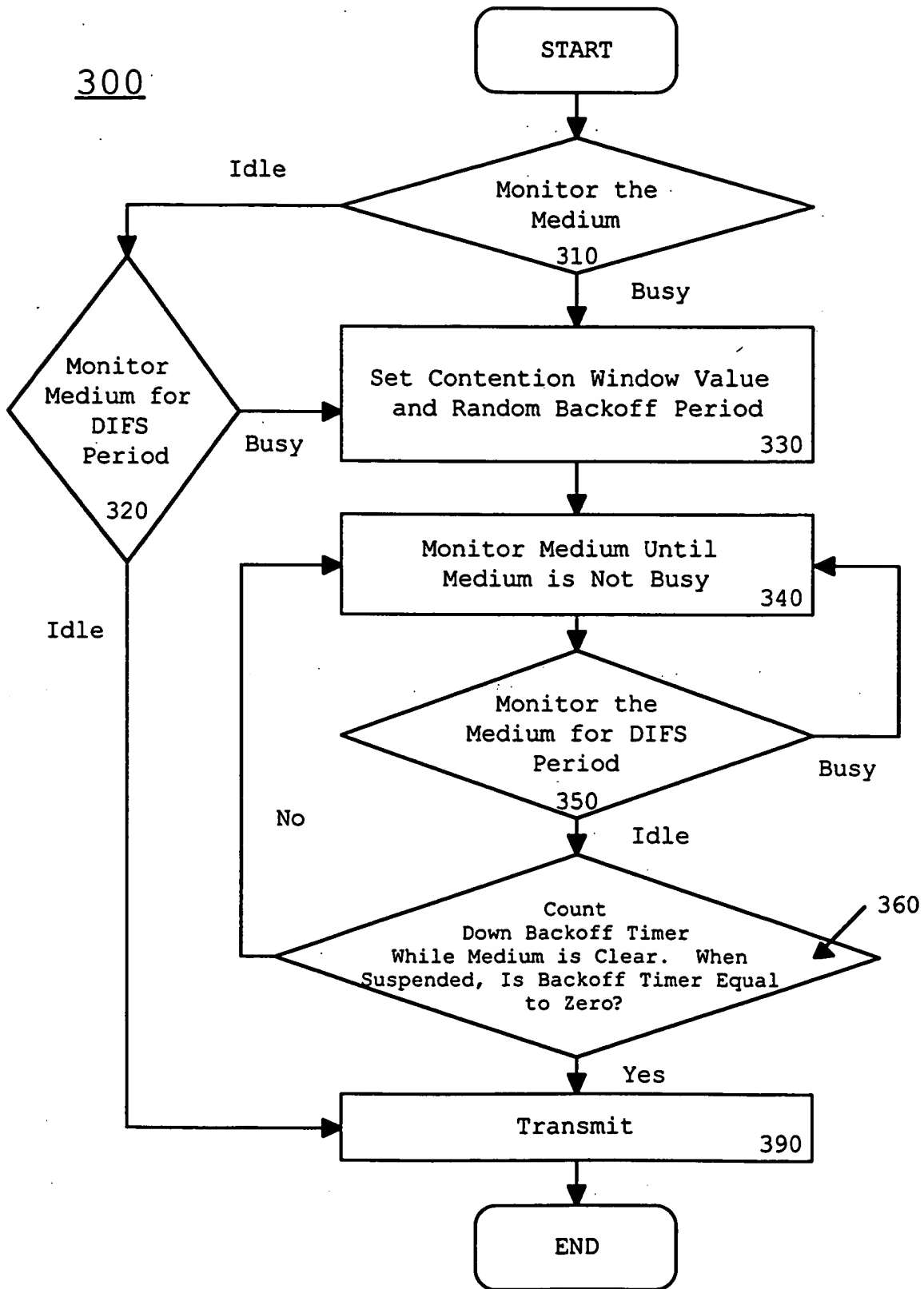


FIG. 3

The diagram illustrates the timing sequence of the CSMA/CD protocol. It shows a horizontal timeline with several key intervals and events:

- 430**: Points to the start of the timeline.
- SIFS**: Short Inter Frame Space, the shortest interval between frames.
- PIFS**: Priority Inter Frame Space, a longer interval than SIFS.
- DIFS**: Distributed Inter Frame Space, the longest interval between frames.
- 420**: Points to the end of the DIFS interval.
- BUSY PERIOD**: Indicated by a left-pointing arrow, showing the channel is busy.
- CONTENTION WINDOW**: The period during which stations can attempt to transmit.
- BACKOFF PERIOD**: The period during which stations defer transmission.
- DATA FRAME**: The frame being transmitted.
- TIME**: The horizontal axis representing the progression of time.

FIG. 4

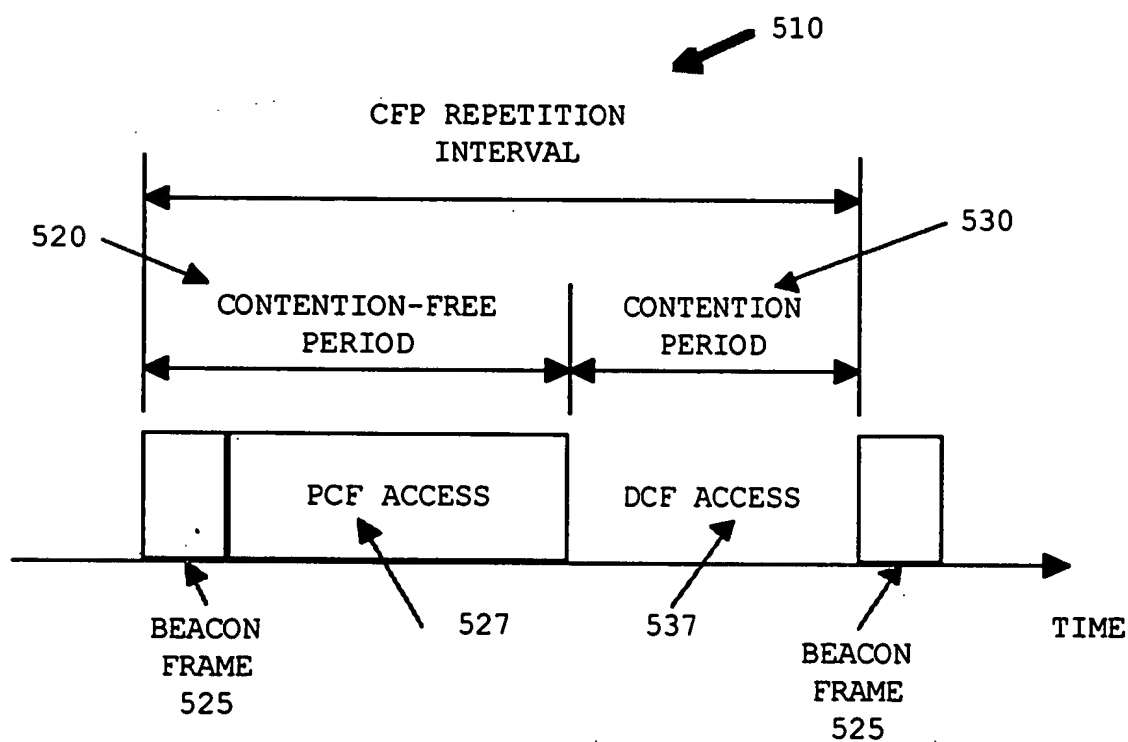


FIG. 5

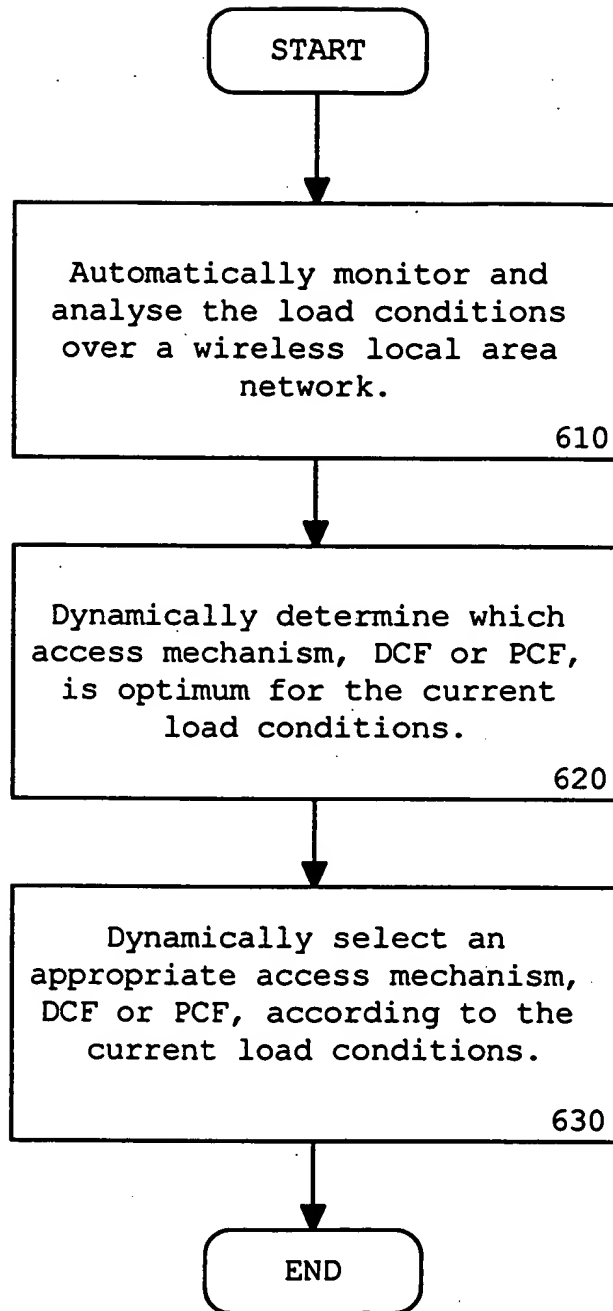


Fig. 6